

## FINAL PRACTICE EXAM I

YI LI

1. Determine if the following improper integral converges or diverges. If the integral is convergent compute its value.

$$\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-x} dx.$$

2. Let

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2 y^2}{x^3 + y^6}, & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0), \\ 0, & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

(a) Does the  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y)$  exist?

(b) Is  $f(x, y)$  continuous at  $(0, 0)$ ?

3. Solve the following first order separable initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (y - 1)(y - 2)$$

with  $y(0) = 0$ .

4. Consider the system of linear equations

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 - x_2 &= 0 \\ 3x_1 + x_2 - x_3 &= 11 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

Find the augmented matrix of the above system and use it to solve the system.

5. Consider  $f(x, y) = 3xy - x^3 - y^3$ .

(a) Locate all critical points of  $f(x, y)$ .

(b) Classify the critical points of  $f(x, y)$  (i.e., determine if they are local maximum/local minimum or saddle point).

(c) Does  $f$  have a global maximum or minimum on  $\mathbf{R}^2$ ? Briefly explain!

6. Consider the following system of differential equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{dx_1}{dt} \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve the following initial value problem with  $x_1(0) = 5$  and  $x_2(0) = 3$ .

7. Find the absolute maxima and minima of  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4$  on the disk  $D = \{(x, y) \in \mathbf{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 \leq 4\}$ .

8. Let  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{4x^2 + y^2}$  be a function of two variables.

(a) Compute the directional derivative of the function  $g(x, y)$  at the point  $(-2, 4)$

in the direction of  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(b) Find the angle between the vectors  $\nabla f(-2, 4)$  and  $\mathbf{v}$ .

9. Suppose you wish to enclose a rectangle plot. You have 1600 ft of fencing. Using the material, what are the dimensions of the plot that will have the largest area?

10. Suppose that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y(2 - y).$$

- (a) Find the equilibria of this differential equation.
- (b) Compute the eigenvalues associated with each equilibrium and discuss the stability of the equilibria.

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