

### Math113 Exam 2 Practice

1. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ . Use the definition of the derivative to compute  $f'(x)$ .

2. Compute the area of the region between the graphs of  $f(x) = x$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x^3}{4}$  on the interval  $[-1, 2]$ .

3. Find the rectangle of largest area that can be inscribed in the unit circle.

4. Calculate  $\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{\sin \sqrt{x}}$  for  $x > 0$ .

5. Let  $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$

a. Show that  $f^{-1}$  exists and find the domain and range of  $f^{-1}$ .

b. Evaluate  $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$ .

6. Suppose that  $f(x)$  is a continuous function defined for all  $x$  with the property that  $|f(x_1) - f(x_2)| \leq |x_1 - x_2|^2$

a. Write down a partition of the interval  $[a, b]$  into  $N$  subintervals of equal length (this is the regular partition).

b. Express  $f(b) - f(a)$  as a telescoping sum using the partition.

c. Show that  $f(x)$  is constant using part b and the stated property of  $f$ .

7. Let  $F(x) = \int_2^{x^2} (3t^2 + 1)^3 dt$ . Find  $F(\sqrt{2})$ ,  $F'(\sqrt{2})$ ,  $F''(\sqrt{2})$ .

8. Consider the integral  $\int_0^1 (1-x) dx$  and let  $P$  be the regular partition of  $[0, 1]$  into  $N$  equal subintervals.

a. Write down  $L(f, P)$  and  $U(f, P)$  ( $f(x) = 1-x$ ) and explicitly evaluate them.

b. Use part a to evaluate the integral.