

## CONVERGENCE TESTS FOR POSITIVE SERIES

The following convergence tests can be applied to positive series:

### Integral test

If  $f(x) \geq 0$  is a decreasing continuous function, then

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f(n) \sim \int_1^{\infty} f(x) dx$$

### Comparison test

a) If  $0 \leq a_n \leq b_n$  and  $\sum b_n$  is convergent **then**  $\sum a_n$  is convergent.

b) If  $0 \leq a_n \leq b_n$  and  $\sum a_n$  is divergent, **then**  $\sum b_n$  is divergent.

c) If  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = L \neq 0$ , **then**  $\sum a_n \sim \sum b_n$ .

**Ratio test** Let  $\lambda = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n}$  (assuming the limit exists).

- If  $\lambda < 1$  **then**  $\sum a_n$  is convergent.
- If  $\lambda > 1$  **then**  $\sum a_n$  is divergent.
- If  $\lambda = 1$ , the test is inconclusive.

**Root test** Let  $\rho := \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n^{1/n}$  (assuming the limit exists).

- If  $\rho < 1$  **then**  $\sum a_n$  is convergent.
- If  $\rho > 1$  **then**  $\sum a_n$  is divergent.
- If  $\rho = 1$ , the test is inconclusive.